

# Week 4 Term 3 Weekly Framework Stage 2

Below is a learning framework for you to follow at home. You should be able to complete each activity independently. If you need some assistance, ask for some help from a parent/carer or send a message to your teacher on GoogleClassroom. Complete all activities in your Homework book or an exercise book you have at home. Don't forget to write the date on your activities to keep track. If you complete all of the activities for the day you can: \*Mathletics tasks \*Practice your typing skills -

https://www.typingclub.com/sportal/program-3.game \*Access activities on the learning HUB - https://education.nsw.gov.au/teaching-and-learning/learning-from-home/learning-at-home

T3 Wk 4	Morn	ing Session		Session	Afternoon
*All links will be posted in your GoogleClassroom by your teacher.  *Resources/ worksheets/ spelling words can be found at the end of this document under resources - you access all documents online or print the resources.  *If you cannot print the worksheets simply write the answers in your workbook.	English - Spelling:  Year 3 Learning Intention:  the graph /u/ making the sound "w"as in quilt  I can use visual memory to spell irregular words.  Year 4 Learning Intention:  I can use the digraph /ci/making the sound "sh" as in special  I can use visual memory to spell irregular words.  Activities Students Choose 1:  Newspaper words - Cut out letters from a magazine or newspaper to form 5-10 spelling words once.  Pyramid Words - Write 5-10 spelling words once in the shape of a pyramid adding one letter to each line  ABC Order - Write your spelling words in alphabetical order.  10am: Join us on the Department of Education page: you can watch the livestream fun lessons from some very special guests.  Click the link below: https://education.nsw.gov.au/teaching-and-learning/learning-from home/learning-at-home	English - Reading: Drawing conclusions and making inferences What do you think the word inference means? What do you think drawing a conclusion means? *Drawing conclusions when reading is using what you know in your head and what you have read in the story to figure out what will happen next.  *Making inferences when reading is using what you already know in your head and clues from the text to figure out what will happen next.  *Making inferences when reading is using what you already know in your head and clues from the text to figure out what will happen next.  Open the document below. Before reading the text: *What type of text is it *Where would we see this type of text? *What is the purpose? *What is the purpose? *What predictions can you make based on the title and the pictures? https://docs.google.com/document/d/1IMgvGDQvnHspyMsXAGHppFQVAJiy42D4DYCmYpvN1i8/copy	Maths: Write the WALT at the top of your page.  WALT: Round numbers to the nearest 10,100 & 1000  Warmup: Number of the day – 36  Write it. Draw it. Tallies. Add 10. How many tens? How many ones? Write an addition sum that equals it. Write a subtraction sum that equals it.  Topics: Number  O What number do we need to focus on to ensure that the number is rounded up correctly? Watch:  https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pNfz-JU2cKE  Rounding makes big numbers easier to work with. Look at these examples of rounding to the nearest 10.  We round up if the number is over the halfway mark: 27 rounds up to 30.  We round down if the number is under the halfway mark: 23 rounds down to 20.  23  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 36  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 36  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 35  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 36  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 37  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 38  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 39  We round down if the number is exactly halfway: 30  We r	English/Geography: Writing: WALT: Identify significant places in Australia What makes Australia special? *What do you think are the most special places in Australia? *What do you think makes a place "special"?  Watch the clip:  https://www.inquisitive.com/video/36-australia-you-ve-got-talent  *Choose one special feature of Australia. *Is it natural or man made? *What state or territory is it in?  https://docs.google.com/docume/nt/d/1qcuz10H0qs7eAyNBm2z71 R_mMRNn3zFyhPOTI4IjneA/copy	CAPA Music - Lesson from Mrs Ruzay  The Elements of Music.  Create a poster, PowerPoint or video, to teach other students about the elements of music. Focus on one element each time. (Pitch, Duration, Dynamics, Structure, Texture, Tone Colour, Beat

#### Middle Session **Morning Session** T3 Wk 4 **English - Spelling: English: Grammar & Punctuation:** Maths: Addition Write the WALT English/Geography: Writing: **Year 3 Learning Intention:** WALT: Understand and use verbs of feeling. Verbs at the top of your page. **Informative Writing Task** feeling eg liked, possessing, he has • the graph /u/ making Write an information report **WALT:** Use the split strategy to the sound "w"as in Success Criteria: I can locate various types of verbs solve addition problems on an Olympic Athlete of your auilt in sentences. Warmup: choice. I can use visual Core Task: What is a Verb? Number of the day – 66. Write it. Add memory to spell Verbs consist of one or more words that tell us what irregular words. 10. How many tens? How many ones? is 'going on' in a sentence. Every sentence must Write an addition sum that equals it. have at least one verb. Verbs show the particular Write a subtraction sum that equals it. **Year 4 Learning Intention:** interactions and relationships between people, I can use the digraph **Problem:** Thomas' class and Dylan's places, events and objects. A simple verb consists of /ci/ making the sound class went together to the zoo. Thomas' "sh" as in special one word. Eg. He runs quickly. Open the door. She class had 44 children. Dylan's class had 26 Use the website to assist you: I can use visual made a cake. children. How many children went to the memory to spell https://www.olvmpics.com.au/o A compound verb consists of two or more words. zoo? \* Draw a picture and write a irregular words. lympians/ Eg. He was waiting for me. I will make sushi. She has number sentence to represent the been picking fruit. problem. Activity: Circle the simple verbs in red and the \*What do we know about split Activities Students Choose 1: compound verbs in blue. Circle Wordsstrategy? How is it similar to jump 1. Taylor is typing her assignment. strategy? What do we need to do Write 5-10 spelling words once 2. Snow fell heavily all night. in the shape of a circle to successfully use the strategy? 3. A bushfire is burning across the eastern ridge. https://www.youtube.com/wat 4. We will be leaving Sydney early tomorrow Crazv Words ch?v=ZF-MWwuvid8

#### **Tuesday**

Write each spelling word once in really crazy letters

#### Spelling Story -

Write a brief story using 5-10 spellings words at least once. You may also illustrate a picture

10am: Join us on the Department of Education page: you can watch the livestream fun lessons from some very special guests.

#### Click the link below:

https://education.nsw.gov.au/t eaching-and-learning/learningfrom-home/learning-at-home

mornina.

#### Verbs:

- -Link ideas and give them meaning.
- -Give colour and interest to language.
- -Create strong images of movement, action and behaviour.

#### Verbs fall into different categories:

Doing verbs: express action eg run, hop, skip, cook, read, sleep, buy

Saying verbs: express ways of speaking eg shout, whisper, grumble

Thinking verbs: express ways of thinking eg imagine, believe, wonder

Feeling verbs: express ways of feeling eg like, sympathise, admire

#### Activity: Find the verbs.

- 1. Leo shouted to his friends across the playground.
- 2. We enjoyed our picnic by the river.
- 3. The car screeched to a halt at the red light.
- 4. I wonder if Dad will burn the sausages again!

## 42 + 32 = (4 tens + 3 tens) + (2 units + 2 units)= 7 tens + 4 units = 74

123 + 235 = (100 + 200) + (20 + 30) + (3 + 5) = 300 + 50 + 8

= 358

\*Complete questions using the split strategy: \*Show your working.

18 + 31 =

41 + 32 =

35 + 44 =

47 + 56 =

123 + 124 =

348 + 221 =

656 + 324 =

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1rS0 IOPh4e5u8gzqVvx8klWQciOoZk72D/ view?usp=sharing

The purpose of this writing activity is to inform your audience.



\*Think about the way you organised your research for your animal last week?

#### Make sure your text has:

- Introduction
- Paragraphs
- Conclusion
- Provide information on age, sport, achievements, where they live, interesting facts.
- Use headings and sub-headings for each paragraph.

You can include a picture of your athlete if you like.

## **English - Handwriting:**

Afternoon

**WALT:** Write legibly using NSW cursive writing.

#### Success Criteria:

I can write legibly using NSW cursive writing and form neckline joins.

Core Task: Practice writing neckline joins to anticlockwise letters in correct lines. When forming neckline joins to anticlockwise letters, extend the lateral dip across to the starting point of the next letter, then retrace back along the join as you shape the next letter.

Tuesday 3rd August 2021 va wo xc od rg A Safe Trap Design Sliding plyboard door. Strong wooden frame. See-through woven wire roof. Food trail leads an

unwary rodent into trap where it is attracted to food hanging on a hook. When animal tugs on food, the string pulls the prop away causing the door to drop down, blocking escape.

Extension: Write a short narrative/persuasive/informa tive text using cursive writing.

# T3 Wk 4 Wednesday

# English - Spelling: Year 3 Learning Intention:

- the graph /u/ making the sound "w"as in quilt
- I can use visual memory to spell irregular words.

#### **Year 4 Learning Intention:**

- I can use the digraph /ci/ making the sound "sh" as in special
- I can use visual memory to spell irregular words.

# Activities Students Choose 1:

#### Spelling Word Search -

Create your own word search. Highlight or circle the words that are hidden.

#### **Spelling Comic -**

Write your own comic and use 5-10 spelling words at least once.

#### **Block Letters -**

Write 5-10 spelling words once with each letter inside of a box

**10am:** Join us on the Department of Education page: you can watch the livestream fun lessons from some very special guests.

#### Click the link below:

https://education.nsw.gov.a u/teaching-and-learning/lea rning-from-home/learning-a t-home

# English - Reading: Drawing conclusions and making inferences

**Morning Session** 

\*Can you remember the definitions of inference and drawing conclusions?

\*Drawing conclusions when reading is using what you know in your head and what you have read in the story to figure out what will happen next.



\*Making inferences when reading is using what you already know in your head and clues from the text to figure out what will happen next.



# Click on the links - Before reading the text:

- \*What type of text is it
- \*Where would we see this text?
- \*What is the purpose?
- \*What predictions can you make based on the title and the pictures?

After reading the text.
Complete the answers in your workbook.

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1BGOdIJZCjdYwCHP0XjqdG46TdWDEUeab/view?usp=shari

**Maths:** Write the WALT at the top of your page.

**WALT:** Use mental strategies to solve addition and subtraction problems

#### Warmup:

Roll two dice: Using the numbers rolled, make a 2 digit number. <a href="https://rolladie.net/roll-2-dice">https://rolladie.net/roll-2-dice</a>
Round to the nearest ten.
\*Challenge use 3 or 4 digit numbers Topics: Addition & Subtraction Problem: The farmer started with 678 sheep now I only have 374. How many were taken? \*Show working.

- \*How could we make the question more challenging?
- Using a take-away menu, order dinner for your entire family.
- List each item and how much it costs, then calculate the total price. Use a table to show your order and working out.

#### **Example:**

	Dinner	Dessert	Total
ME	Cauliflower	Churros =	\$15 + \$14 =
	Tacos = \$14	\$15	\$29
BROTHER			
<b>M</b> um			
DAD			

Use a calculator to check your calculations.
Show your working.

Extension/Challenge: How much change would you get if you paid using \$100 note?

### **English - Writing: Pobble**

**Middle Session** 

https://docs.google.com/docume nt/d/19z2hf\_PbPluCiapYorrsCpUe 6aVPjn\_BzsL\_FJshvU/copy



# GOING UNDER

#### **QUESTION TIME:**

- \*Is it a sea, river or lake? What is the different between each of these things?
- \*What other equipment might they have worn?
- \*Are humans good at swimming?
- \*Which other animals are good at swimming?
  \*What makes certain animals
- better swimmers than others?

  DESCRIPTIVE WRITING: Imagine you are one of the divers. Write a description of what the water feels like when you dive in.
- \*Describe what you can see under the water.
- \*Include interesting verbs and adverbs to describe how you move when you're underwater.\_\_

EXTENSION: DRAWING Draw a picture of something the divers might see under the water.

OR WRITING: It was a beautiful, clear day and the three divers plunged into the water...
Continue the story.

#### PD/Health:

**Learning Intentions:** How can we include others in physical activity? **Body:** 

Afternoon

#### View the slideshow:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Y aoMJLgop0GMjz\_YyqGWv0Ymbu1z V1Bc/view?usp=sharing

#### Friendship Scenario

A group of friends are in the playground, practising a dance routine they have learnt. The six children are aLL FROM THE same class.

Emily has just finished her lunch and comes over to join in. Ava turns to Emily and says "You're too late! You aren't allowed to join in - go away!"
Emily is really upset and runs away; she sits on a bench on her own and starts to cry. The children carry on practising and ignore Emily.

The bell rings for the end of lunchtime and Emily goes back into class, still feeling upset. Ava is laughing and says that she can't be in the show anymore.

- \*How would you feel if you were Emily?
- \*How could or would you deal with this problem in the playground?
- \*How does it feel to be included?
- \*Have you seen a peer being left out how do you think they felt?
- \*What did you do?
- \*What could you do next time?

Complete the EMPATHY task:



https://docs.google.com/document/d/ 1kcxHknLzr4CU hV68kpJoJJP2LkREBTEZ eLIVRd8bqo/copy

T3 Wk 4	Morning Se	ession	Middle Ses	ssion	Afternoon
Thursday	English - Spelling: Year 3 Learning Intention:  • the graph /u/ making the sound "w" as in quilt • I can use visual memory to spell irregular words.  Year 4 Learning Intention: • I can use the digraph /ci/ making the sound "sh" as in special • I can use visual memory to spell irregular words.  Activities Students Choose 1: Phone Words - Write each spelling word once and the "number code" for each spelling word using a phone keypad. e.g. word = 9673  Practice Spelling Test - Students pair up with another student and practice the spelling test. Students quiz each other at least once.  Rainbow Words - Write 5 - 10 spelling words once using a different colour for each letter.	10am: Join us on the Department of Education page: you can watch the livestream fun lessons from some very special guests. Click the link below: https://education.nsw.gov.au/teaching-and-learning/learning-from-home/learning-at-home  Watch the 10am Presentation: Write down as many VIP's as you can. When it has finished, write a summary for your teacher.  *Who was it about? *Who was presenting? *Did you enjoy it? *Did you learn something? *Would you recommend it to someone else to watch?	Maths: Write the WALT at the top of your page. WALT: Investigate and generate number sequences Warmup: Make 25. How many different ways can you make the number 25.  Topics: Patterns o What number am I thinking of? - I am thinking of a number Your job is to work out what that number could be. o Mystery number 1: I add four to my mystery number to get 10. What is it? How did you work out it out? o Mystery number 2: I add four to my mystery number, then subtract two to get 10. What is it? How did you work out it out? o Mystery number 3: I take away five from my mystery number to get 10. What is it? How did you work out it out? o Mystery number 4: I double my mystery number to get 16. What is it? How did you work out it out? o Mystery number 5: I halve my mystery number to get 24. What is it? How did you work out it out? Follow the link for further questions: https://www.mathplayground.com/mysterynumber.html *Can you create your own mystery number questions - what maths language do you have to use?  Extension/Challenge: Starting with my mystery number, I double it, then add two, and am left with 12. What is the mystery number?	Science: WALT: Explore codes and symbols that are representations of data.  Morse Code Morse code was invented in 1840 for Samuel F.B. Morse's electric telegraph. It uses short and long rhythms to represent letters, numbers and punctuation to communicate. More common letters have shorter codes to maximise efficiency. A dash is equal to three dots. The space between letters is equal to three dots. The space between two words is equal to seven dots. It was used for radio communication. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iy8  Bams Jul  A - K - U - 5 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0	Roll for Fitness Directions: Roll two dice and add the numbers together. The sum of the dice determines the exercise movement.  Roll a 2 - 5 pushups Roll a 3 - 15 sit-ups Roll a 4 - 15 squats Roll a 5 - 20 mountain climbers (10 each side) Roll a 6 - 10 Burpees Roll a 7 - 25 jumps (with or without a rope) Roll an 8 - 20 lunges (10 each leg) Roll a 9 - 30 side jumps Roll a 10 - 20 plank shoulder touches Roll an 11 - 50 star jumps Roll a 12 - 30 high knees (15 each leg)

T3 Wk 4	N	Morning Session		Middle Ses	ssion	Afternoon	
Year  Year  Year  Year  Activ 1. 2.  Dicta  Dicta  Priday  Dicta  Lesso guest Click https	Iish - Spelling: 3 Learning Intention:  • the graph /u/ making the sound "w" as in quilt  • I can use visual memory to spell irregular words.  4 Learning Intention:  • I can use the digraph /ci/ making the sound "sh" as in special  • I can use visual memory to spell irregular words.  // ities:  Friday spelling quiz Dictation using sentences below (See Spelling Program)  // ition Words Yr 3  1. question 2. quite 3. squeeze  // ition Words Yr 4  1. spacious 2. electrician 3. physician  // If you son the artment of Education page: // can watch the livestream fun ons from some very special its.  the link below: // itich words Yr 4  // itich words Yr 3  // itich words Yr 4  // itich words Yr 3  //	Bounce the ball while turning around in a circle.     Bounce the ball from one hand to the other (pide to side).     Bounce the ball fower than waits height and from one hand to the other (pide to side).     Bounce the ball from side to side using one hand only.  Mega Challenges  Bounce the ball while moving forwards and backwards.  Bounce the ball while moving forwards and backwards.	h the episode Ball control  169726  Stage 2  POHPE Outcomes may serious the outcomes listed as part of POHPE cope and sequence. and refines movement skills and concepts to a rid perform movement skills and concepts to a rid perform movement skills are variety of situations.  In the control of the concepts to the ball to master a new bouncing be your eyes to create more awareness of ge whilst bouncing?  es th control.	Maths: Write the WALT at the top of your page. Maths: WARM UP: Play - Greedy Pig https://docs.google.com/prese ntation/d/1ZxO860hZKalfUnzJS VKIpUX1YderOujvs NsKL52xMk /copy WALT: Use the term 'outcome' to describe any possible result of a chance experiment Topics: Chance https://www.youtube.com/watc h?v=7XuNVVID98gx *Can you write a down all of the maths vocab words that you heard in the video? *Which have you not heard before?  O Create a table with the following headings: Certain, Likely, Unlikely, Impossible. *List at least 5 events that would belong under each heading. O How can we tell the difference between each category?  Extension/Challenge: Write a 3 questions for which answer would be, 'more than likely'.	Library/RFF: Lesson from Mrs Burke  Watch the video of Tim Harris talking about how he develops dialogue in his stories.  https://players.bright cove.net/6153144529 001/default default/index.html?videoId=6 158443048001  Free choice Extension: Free time to research something that interests you  Log in to World Book Online - https://www.worldbookonline.com  ID - scps1 Password - scps1	CAPA: Colourful Australia  *Select 2 or 3 colours for each Australia shape. *Start with one colour tracing the Australia shape outline. Work from the outside to the centre changing colours as each lap is completed. There should be no white gaps. *Continue this process until your map shape is completely covered. *You can use 1 of your outlines as a draft to try a variety of options to see which colours work together best.  Example:	

	Year 3 Spelling Words						
RED	ORANGE	GREEN	PERSONAL				
quilt guava quiet queen quest	quite quieter quick quickly quit	language penguin Queensland squeal earthquake	aisle ambiguous annihilate appreciate artificial				

	Year 4 Spelling Words						
RED	ORANGE	GREEN	PERSONAL				
special racial social facial	vicious especially specialist gracious official	financial precious deficient delicious suspicious	aisle ambiguous annihilate appreciate artificial				

# APPENDIX/RESOURCES

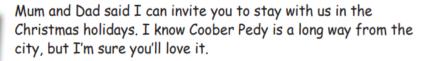
# **Monday Reading**

# Drawing Conclusions and Making Inferences



Hi Amy

Guess what!



Some people think there is nothing to do in the outback. But they are so wrong! I'm already planning things that we can do together. We could visit the kangaroo orphanage and see the joeys. We could go digging for opals. People in Coober Pedy call that 'noodling'. If it gets too hot, we can visit my friend, Mani. He lives in a house under the ground. It's nice and cool inside. The best thing is that Mani has an underground swimming pool. I'm sure there aren't any underground houses in the city.

Dad said he could take us camping too. We could have a camp fire and look for shooting stars. We might even go camel riding. You'll be amazed at how much fun you can have here.

It would be fantastic if you could come and stay. I promise that you'll have more fun than you will ever have in your entire life!

Write back soon and tell me what you think.

From Alex

PS Just saw a shooting star and made a wish. Can you guess what it was?



- a) lonely.
- b) bored.
- c) enthusiastic.
- d) boastful.

# 2. Alex tries to persuade Amy to come and visit Coober Pedy by:

- a) listing all the things they can do together.
- b) pointing out how far away Coober Pedy is from the city.
- c) reminding Amy that she has not visited in a long time.
- d) explaining that Alex's mum and dad think it is a good idea.

# 5. According to the text, what is noodling?

- a) swimming in an underground pool
- b) searching for opals
- c) riding camels
- d) living in the outback

# 6. Where does Alex suggest they go when it is hot?

- a) the city
- b) camping
- c) Mani's house
- d) the kangaroo orphanage

# 7. When Alex talks about the city she is referring to

- a) anywhere far away from Coober Pedy.
- b) a place where Mum and Dad used to live.
- c) a place they could visit together.
- d) the place where Amy lives.

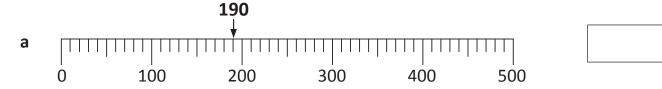
# 8. Alex makes a wish at the end of the letter. This wish is most likely that

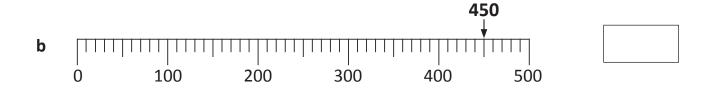
- a) Amy's family will come to live in Coober Pedy.
- b) it will not be too hot during the holidays.
- c) Amy will be able to come and stay for the holidays.
- d) Alex and Amy will find an opal.



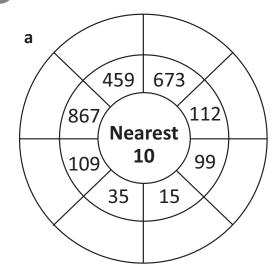
# Monday Maths Round and estimate – rounding to 10 and 100

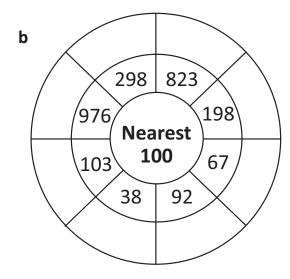
# Round these numbers to the nearest 100:





# Complete these rounding wheels:





# Choose 2 colours. Use colour 1 to colour the numbers that round to 600.

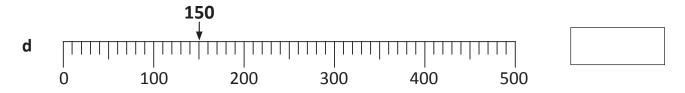
Use colour 2 to colour the numbers that round to 700.

				1			
			591				
	672	634	606	620	670		
	601	748	608	665	578		
570	643	603	654	565	612	641	
	623	699	590	687	615		
	730	602	649	636	720		
			599			•	
				-			

# **Monday Maths**

# Round and estimate – rounding to 10, 100 and 1 000

# Round these numbers to the nearest 100 (continued):



# 2 Round these according to the table directions. The first one has been done for you.

Number	Nearest 10	Nearest 100	Nearest 1 000
567	570	600	1 000
673			
287			
527			
970			

# 3 Find the number by rounding the numbers:

The number of teeth that a shark has in its lifetime

	70		80	100		7 000	300	•
<u> </u>	7 000	20	80	1 000	400	500	200	40
U	999 rou	nded to th	ne nearest	1 000	<b>R</b> 99	rounded	to the nea	rest 100
S	356 rou	nded to th	ne nearest	100	<b>T</b> 68	92 rounded	to the nea	rest 1 000

A 455 rounded to the nearest 100

N 176 rounded to the nearest 100

**D** 37 rounded to the nearest 10

T 6 892 rounded to the nearest 100
Y 265 rounded to the nearest 100
H 19 rounded to the nearest 10
O 84 rounded to the nearest 10
F 68 rounded to the nearest 10



Monday Geography/Writing





\*What do you think are the most special places in Australia?

\*What do you think makes a place "special"?

Watch the clip: https://www.inquisitive.com/video/36-australia-you-ve-got-talent Choose one special feature of Australia.

\*Is it natural or man made?

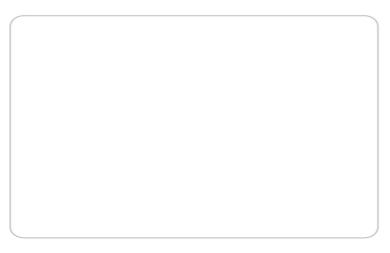
\*What state or territory is it in? Mark it on the map of Australia.

\*Write some interesting facts about it.

\*What makes this place special?

\*Find or draw a picture of it and mark it on the map:





Wednesday Reading

# Drawing Conclusions & Making Inference

# Farmer's Market



Every Saturday on the Town Common 8:00 A.M. to 3:00 P.M.

Shop for fresh fruits and vegetables at over 25 booths from local farms. Swap recipes at the Cook's Table. Buy fresh breads, cakes and biscuits.



Bring the family!
Farmers will show children how to plant and care for a garden.
Children will learn about the parts of plants they can eat.
Have children bring a small container and soil.
Children will be given vegetable seeds.

# l. From the sign you can tell that:

- \*Children will not be welcome
- \*Children will be able to plant seeds
- \*All plants can be used for food
- \*All farmers will be selling bread

# 2. Which detail from the sign helps you answers Question !?

- \*Swap recipes at the Cook's Table.
- \*Bring the family!
- \*Children will learn about the parts of plants they can eat.
- \*Have children bring a small container and soil.

Mrs Anderson's dog barks every night, all night long. The dog is very large and very loud. Mrs Anderson's neighbours cannot sleep.

- 1. Let's draw a conclusion. Think about what the author tells you. Also think about what the author just hints at.
- 2. Look at the chart below.

  The first box lists three details that the author gives in the story.
- 3. The second box tells what is just hinted at in the story. The author leaves this information out.
- 4. What can you figure out on your own? Fill in the missing information in the last box.

What details are given?	What information does the author leave out?	What can you figure out on your own?
Mrs Anderson's dog barks every night.  The dog is very large and very loud.  Mrs Anderson's neighbours cannot sleep.	tell why Mrs Anderson's neighbours cannot sleep.	Mrs Anderson's neighbours cannot sleep because



# **Wednesday Writing**

# WRITING GOING UNDER

# QUESTION TIME

- ❖ Is it a sea, river or lake? What is the difference between each of these things?
- \* What other equipment might they have worn?
- \* Are humans good at swimming?
- \* Which other animals are good at swimming?
- \* What makes certain animals better swimmers than others?

DESCRIPTIVE WRITING: Imagine you are one of the divers. Write a description of what the water feels like when you dive in.

\*Describe what you can see under the water.

\*Include interesting verbs and adverbs to describe how you move when you're underwater.

# **EXTENSION:**

DRAWING: Draw a picture of something the divers might see under the water.

OP-

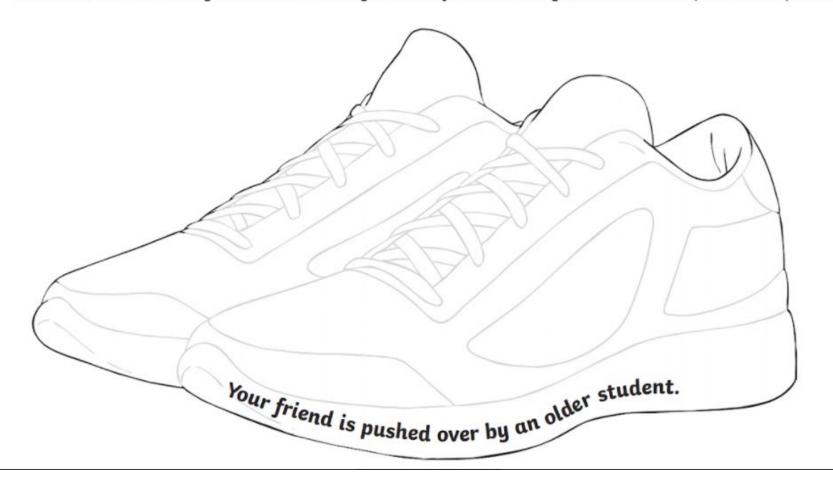
WRITING: It was a beautiful, clear day and the three divers plunged into the water... Continue the story.

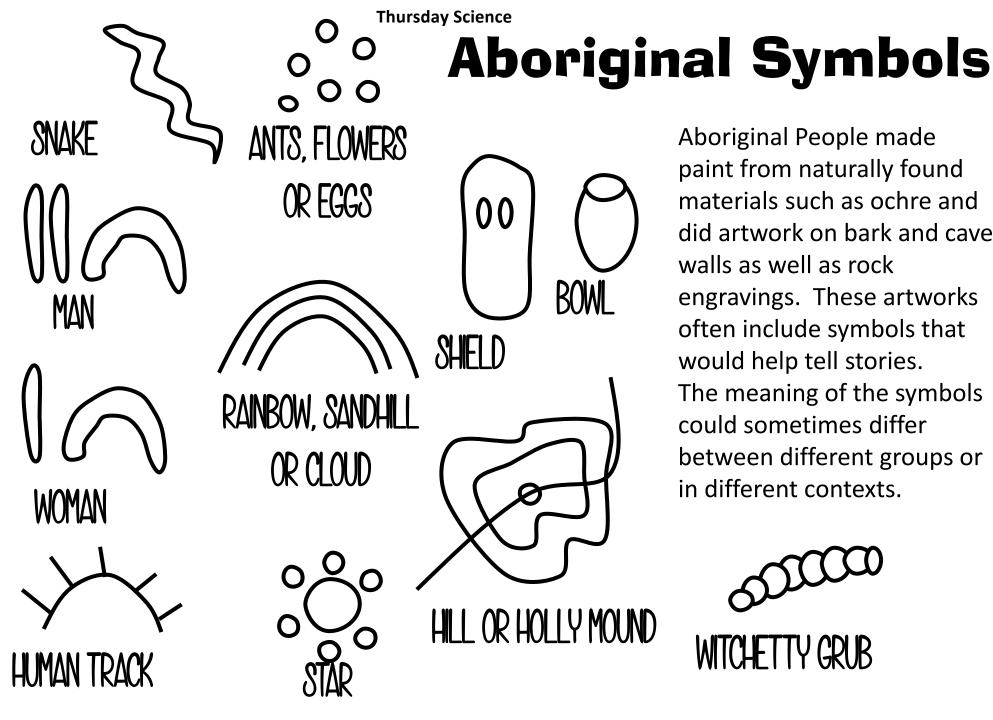
# Wednesday PD/H

# Empathy

Often when we show empathy to others, we 'put ourselves in their shoes.' What does this saying mean?

Below is a scenario. Can you brainstorm how you would feel and what you could do to help this other person?





Aboriginal People made paint from naturally found materials such as ochre and did artwork on bark and cave walls as well as rock engravings. These artworks often include symbols that would help tell stories. The meaning of the symbols could sometimes differ between different groups or in different contexts.



